TOURIST GUIDE TRAINING

Is there an age limit to becoming a guide?

Many people come into guiding from another career and therefore tend to be in their late-twenties, thirties or forties. Some guides are considerably older. So, rather than a particular age, the prerequisites for guiding are stamina, good health and an outgoing personality, as guiding is often physically demanding, with early starts to the day and sometimes late finishes and requires a high level of focused engagement with both clients and practicalities.

Do you need a university degree?

Higher or further education is not required to be a guide. While many guide trainees do have a degree, it is important to understand that the training course is not a degree course; it is essentially a practical programme, combining core knowledge with regular and intensive practical training in the techniques and skills of professional guiding. Being a guide is not all about knowledge and facts; it is much more about the delivery of knowledge - the "art" of guiding - and about looking after and entertaining your clients.

Do you need to be able to speak a second language?

It is not essential. However, you should be aware that the English speaking market is the most competitive, and often those candidates with a second or third language have an advantage over those who speak English only.

Do I need to speak fluent English to do the course?

Yes. All the lectures and practical sessions are conducted in English. I live outside the European Community.

Would I be able to do the course?

You would need to hold either a UK visa with indefinite leave to remain or a UK work permit. You would also need to have easy access to central London to be able to follow the course.
What characteristics make a good guide?

People who become guides vary widely in their background, interests and temperament. However, the one essential characteristic they share is pleasure in working with people. Understanding and being sympathetic to the stresses and strains of the traveller (jet lag, nervousness of a large city, not being able to understand the language, personal problems) are essential. A guide is often the first significant human contact a newly-arrived tourist will make. In addition, good personal organisation, time management, flexibility, a good sense of humour, and coolness under pressure are all valuable assets.

How much do guides earn and can I make a living from guiding full time?

Earnings depend upon how much a guide works and the market(s) they work in. Almost all guides are freelance and self-employed. The work can be seasonal, with quiet periods at certain times in the winter. The level of work will also fluctuate with world economics and politics. Competition can be considerable but at the time of writing demand for guides is increasing as the world opens up again following the pandemic. Many guides choose not to work full-time or have a portfolio career including guiding and some work in languages other than English.

Items as accident and sickness insurance, a personal pension, National Insurance and Income Tax must be taken into account when calculating your likely earnings as a guide. Many guides, particularly those newly qualified continue to undertake some part-time employment, as it usually takes a while to generate work. Students and newly-qualified guides will therefore need to draw up a robust business development plan in order to attract and maintain a strong client base, not just in the early stages of their guiding career, but throughout. Annual income can vary from year to year, and a guide’s business plan will consequently need to be reviewed, updated and revised at regular intervals to ensure their business is sustainable, can develop and expand. Depending on the type of work undertaken, Blue Badge tourist guides can charge a range of fees. As an example for ‘mainstream’ guiding work in English in 2022-2023, freelance London Blue Badge guides have negotiated fees in the range of £180-255 for a half-day’s engagement and £290-£355 for a full day. Driver guides and those using a second language generally charge a higher fee.

What kind of people become guides?

Many guides have a professional background, such as in teaching, accountancy, law, journalism, heritage, fine art or medicine. There are also many guides who come from various branches of the tourist industry or who have a theatre background. In addition there are homemakers, taxi drivers, horticulturists, policemen, taxi drivers, postmen, firemen, civil servants... The list is almost endless and always unpredictable.

How can I experience the work of a Blue Badge Guide?

The best way to find out about the work of a Blue Badge Guide is to join one of their tours! To do this, take a guided coach tour around London, many of which include visits to London sites such as Westminster Abbey, The Tower of London and St Paul’s Cathedral. Evan Evans and Premium Tours often use Blue Badge Guides, but first check that a Blue Badge Guide is taking the tour. Open-top buses in London do not use Blue Badge Guides on their ‘live’ tours. In addition, there are regular tours by Blue Badge Guides of the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park in Stratford (http://www.toursof2012sites.com), Palace of
Westminster (August, September, during recesses and on Saturdays), and at the All England Lawn Tennis and Croquet Club at Wimbledon and Spencer House, (year round).

**Further Information** For more information about current guide courses throughout England please visit the Institute of Tourist Guides website [https://www.itg.org.uk/courses/courses-running/](https://www.itg.org.uk/courses/courses-running/) or for enquiries please email [office@itg.org.uk](mailto:office@itg.org.uk)

For Scotland please visit the STGA website [https://www.stga.co.uk/guide-training](https://www.stga.co.uk/guide-training)

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